

EU flags petro product imports from India using Russian oil

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NEW DELHI: The European Union (EU) on Saturday expressed concern at a rapid increase in refined petroleum products made from Russian crude in countries such as India entering European markets, as this defeats sanctions aimed at curbing Russia's ability to finance its war in Ukraine.

Valdis Dombrovskis, the EU executive vice-president and commissioner for trade who is visiting India for a meeting of G20 trade ministers, said the 27-member bloc is assessing how to deal with the entry of products processed from Russian crude into European markets in "large quantities".

Dombrovskis also pointed to Russia's withdrawal from the Black Sea Grain Initiative and accused Moscow of using energy supplies and food as "weapons of war and manipulation".

Against such a backdrop, the EU-India strategic partnership based on trust and friendship is crucial for addressing big challenges, he told a small group of reporters.

"This is indeed a new development that [petroleum] products which are processed from Russian oil are arriving in the



EU executive vice-president Valdis Dombrovskis

EU market in large quantities, so we are going to see how exactly to deal with this," he said in response to questions. The issue is in the "early stages of reflection", but the EU has concerns as this "defeats the purpose of restrictions we put in place against Russia," he said.

Dombrovskis noted that India and China haven't joined sanctions imposed on Russia by the EU or the price cap on Russian oil put in place by G7 countries since exports of oil and petroleum products are Moscow's biggest revenue source.

"We are also aware that Russia is actively seeking alternative markets following the loss of the European market...There are also some issues which are linked to developments which we are currently assessing. For example, what we see is now a rapid increase of refined oil products imported into the EU

from India. But if they are made with Russian oil, in a sense, it defies the purpose which we are putting as the EU, as the Western democratic world to reduce Russia's ability to wage this aggressive war," he added.

India hasn't publicly censured Russia's invasion of Ukraine, though it has called for respecting the sovereignty and territorial integrity of all states. India has also ramped up the purchase of discounted Russian crude, making Moscow one of the largest energy suppliers over the past year.

Dombrovskis declined to say how the differences among the G20 member states over text to refer to the Ukraine crisis in outcome documents could impact the leaders' declaration to be adopted at the upcoming summit next month.

"On Russia's aggression against Ukraine, I see the difficulty at the end of the day to have agreement on this, with Russia sitting at the table and it's obviously not taking a constructive approach in this regard," he said.

"The EU position is clear – we condemn the Russian aggression against Ukraine, call for ceasing this aggression and pulling Russian troops beyond the internationally recognised borders of Ukraine," he added.



EU voices concern over Indian products made from Russian crude

'EU is India's 2nd largest trading partner, accounting for some 120 bn euros worth of trading last year, which is 10.8 % of total Indian trade'

OUR CORRESPONDENT

NEW DELHI: The EU on Saturday voiced concerns over "rapid" rise in refined petroleum products made from Russian crude oil in India finding way to the European market, saying it defies the purpose of the sanctions against Moscow that are aimed at reducing its ability to finance the war with Ukraine.

The European Union's Executive Vice-President and Commissioner for Trade, Valdis Dombrovskis, said oil products processed from Russian crude oil are arriving at the European market in "large quantities" and the grouping is looking at ways to deal with it.

In an interaction with a small group of journalists, the EU Vice President, currently on a visit to India, accused Russia of using its energy supplies, and food as "tools" of "war and manipulation" to continue its



attack on Ukraine. On the issue of food, Dombrovskis cited Russia withdrawing from the Black Sea grain initiative and blocking Ukraine's export of food grain to the world market.

Since Russia's invasion of Ukraine in February last year, the Western powers have imposed a series of sanctions on Moscow including a price cap on Russian oil by G7-plus nations, in order to reduce its ability to finance the war on Ukraine. Notwithstanding the restrictions, India's procurement of discounted crude oil from Russia has witnessed a major upswing in the last over one year.

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Dombrovskis said.

The EU trade commissioner said this while asked about India's increasing trade relations with Russia, especially its procurement of discounted Russian crude oil. "We indeed see new trade

We indeed see new trade patterns emerging. Those are some issues which are also the new developments which we are currently assessing. For example, what we see is now a rapid increase of refined oil products, so to say, imports in the EU from India.

"But if they are made with Russian oil, in a sense it defices the purpose which we are putting in front of us as the EU, as a Western democratic world, to reduce Russia's ability to wage the civil war," he said. "So this is something which will provide some reflection on that," the top trade official added.

Dombrovskis said a series of sanctions were imposed against Russia, including in the area of exports of oil and oil products as energy supply is Russia's "biggest source" of revenue. "We want to reduce Russia's ability to finance the war," he said. On EU's trade ties with India, the Trade Commissioner said the grouping is looking at significantly expanding economic engagement with New Delhi. "The EU is India's second

"The EU is India's second largest trading partner, accounting for some 120 billion euros worth of trading last year, which is 10.8 per cent of total Indian trade. "And India is the EU's 10th largest trading partner, accounting for 2 per cent of EU total trade. But at the same time, we see that there is still lots of untapped potential," he said. Dombrovskis said the EU is

Dombrovskis said the EU is looking at making sure that its trade and investment cooperation with India becomes "much more intense".

"We know that we are currently working in a conflictual geopolitical situation. And in this context, the value of trust and reliability has increased substantially," he said.



'India's Russian oil import, export of refined items to EU under lens'

Amiti Sen

New Delhi

India's continued crude imports from Russia and the increase in export of refined oil products to the European market is under the EU's lens, as it assesses the situation to see if the "very purpose" of its sanctions against Russian oil is getting defeated, European Trade Commissioner and Executive VP, Valdis Dombrovskis, has indicated.

He said the EU will be working with a number of countries to prevent interventions against the sanctions, although it was early to give specifics since the situation was still being assessed.

"We are noting what is happening. It is creating some concerns in the EU, as it defeats the purpose of putting sanctions against Russia in the first place, which is to reduce its ability to wage war (against Ukraine). We will also be working with a number of countries to prevent sanctions and interventions," Dombrovskis said at a select media interaction on Saturday. He was asked to elaborate on his observation on India's increased import of crude from Russia and export of refined oil products to the EU. He also indicated that concerns had been discussed with India.

PRICE CAP

"Export of oil and products is Russia's biggest budget revenue source. They are using it to finance the war on Ukraine. So it is an important issue. And correspondingly, we have introduced oil embargo instructions at the EU level, and also put in place a 'G7 plus' price cap on oil," the European Trade Commissioner said.

"We are obviously aware that there are a number of countries, including China and India, that have not joined those sanctions. Also, Russia is naturally seeking alternative markets for the loss of European markets. So we are seeing new trade patterns emerge. There are developments that we are assessing. There has been a rapid increase in refined oil products imports into the EU from India... If it (new trade patterns) defeats the purpose of restrictions imposed by the EU, it needs some reflection," he added.

India's crude imports from Russia jumped 14 times in FY23, rising to \$31.02 billion from just \$2.2 billion in the previous year.

Simultaneously, the export of refined products from India to the EU has increased to 7.4 million barrels in April 2023, from 1.1 million barrels in January 2021.



EU RAISES CONCERN

India-made petro items from Russian oil reaching Europe

European Union says this defeats sanctions on Russia

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA New Delhi, August 26

THE EUROPEAN UNION (EU) ON Saturday voiced concerns over "rapid" rise in refined petroleum products made from Russian crude oil in India finding way to the European market, saying it defies the purpose of the sanctions against Moscow that are aimed at reducing its ability to finance the war with Ukraine. The European Union's Executive Vice-President and Commissioner for Trade, Valdis Dombrovskis, said oil products processed from Russian crude oil are arriving at the European market in "large quantities" and the grouping is looking at ways to deal with it.

In an interaction with a small group of journalists, the EU Vice President, currently on a visit to India, accused Russia of using its energy supplies, and food as "tools" of "war and manipulation" to continue its attack on Ukraine. On the issue of food. Dombrovskis cited Russia withdrawing from the Black Sea grain initiative and blocking Ukraine's export of food grain to the world market. Since Russia's invasion of Ukraine in Russia's February last year, the Western powers have imposed a series of sanctions on Moscow including a price cap on Russian oil by G7-plus nations, in order to reduce its ability to finance the war on Ukraine. Notwithstanding the restrictions, India's procurement of discounted crude oil from Russia has witnessed a major upswing in

EU awaits India's response on investment protection pact dispute resolution



THE EUROPEAN UNION (EU) eagerly anticipates India's response to its proposition of establishing a dedicated dispute settlement mechanism within the ongoing negotiations for a bilateral investment protection pact. This pact is being concurrently negotiated alongside an ambitious free trade

agreement (FTA) between the two parties, as revealed by a senior EU official on Saturday. Valdis Dombrovskis, the EU's Executive Vice-President and Commissioner for Trade, shared with a select group of journalists that both sides are deeply entrenched in 'intensive' negotiations concerning the

proposed FTA. He also highlighted that significant 'progress' has been achieved regarding various issues. Nonetheless, during his current visit to India, the esteemed EU official acknowledged the presence of a considerable amount of work awaiting us.' Responding to queries about the timeline for finalising the FTA, the EU Commissioner emphasised that the primary focus remains on 'substance over deadlines.' He stated,"The FTA will provide India with privileged entry into the EU market, which stands as the largest single market globally." To a question, Dombrovskis said there is no direct impact of New Delhi's trade ties with Moscow on the India-EU trade negotiations, adding: "In a sense, we do not see new topics emerging which could be obstacles for the FTA in this context." -PTI

the last over one year.

"We are obviously aware that a number of countries, including China and India have not joined those sanctions. We are aware that Russia is actively seeking alternative markets for the European market, Dombrovskis said. The EU trade commissioner said this while asked about India's increasing trade relations with Russia, especially its procurement of discounted Russian crude oil."We indeed see new trade patterns emerging. Those are some issues which are also the new developments which we are currently assessing. For

example, what we see is now a rapid increase of refined oil products, so to say, imports in the EU from India. "But if they are made with Russian oil, in a sense it defies the purpose which we are putting in front of us as the EU, as a Western democratic world, to reduce Russia's ability to wage the civil war," he said. "So this is something which will provide some reflection on that," the top trade official added. Dombrovskis said a series of sanctions were imposed against Russia, including in the area of exports of oil and oil products as energy supply is Russia's "biggest source" of revenue.

"We want to reduce Russia's ability to finance the war," he said. On EU's trade ties with India, the Trade Commissioner said the grouping is looking at significantly expanding economic engagement with New Delhi. "The EU is India's second largest trading partner, accounting for some 120 billion euros worth of trading last year, which is 10.8% of total Indian trade.

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BINDING TERM SHEET SIGNED LAST APRIL

L&T, IOC & ReNew Form JV for Green Hydrogen Business

Cos to hold 33.33% stake each in new firm named GH4India

Our Bureau

Mumbai: EPC major Larsen & Toubro (L&T), refining and marketing major Indian Oil Corporation (IOC) and renewable energy player ReNew have formed an equal joint venture to set up their green hydrogen business.

The joint venture company is called GH4India Private Limited where the companies will hold 33.33% each, L&T said in a regulatory filing.

The companies had last April signed a binding term sheet for the formation of a joint venture company to develop the nascent green hydrogen sector in India

gen sector in India.

"The joint venture is formed for the purpose of development of green hydrogen and its derivatives (including green ammonia, methanol, etc.) production assets and associated renewable assets through any model of ownership and operatorship," L&T said in a regulatory filing.

Authorised capital of the company is ₹3 crore (30,00,000 equity shares of ₹10 each).

For countries like India, with its ever-increasing oil and gas import bill, green hydrogen can also help provide crucial energy security by reducing the overall dependence on imported fossil fuels.

While nearly all hydrogen produced in India today is grey, it is estimated that demand for hydrogen will be 12 MMT by 2030 and around 40% of the element produced in the country (around 5 MMT) will be green, as per the draft National Hydrogen Mission guidelines.



By 2050, nearly 80% of India's hydrogen is projected to be 'green' – produced by renewable electricity and electrolysis. Green hydrogen may become the most competitive route for hydrogen production by around 2030. This may be driven by potential cost declines in key production technologies and in clean energy technologies such as solar PV and wind turbines.

Today, hydrogen is mainly used in the refining, steel and fertiliser sectors, which will be the focus of the JVs' initial efforts. The country's refining sector consumes approx. 2 MMT of grey hydrogen every year, with IndianOil owning one of the largest shares of its refining output.

To help decarbonise Indian industry, the new green hydrogen policy provides for the waiver of InterState transmission charges for a period of 25 years and a banking provision of up to 30 days, which will help reduce the cost of green hydrogen significantly. This will, therefore, push the replacement of grey hydrogen with green.



CRUDE WATCH

OIL FUTURES UP 1% TO 1 WEEK HIGH

Oil futures climbed about 1% to a one-week high on Friday as U.S. diesel prices soared, the number of oil rigs dropped and a fire broke out at a refinery in Louisiana. **REUTERS**





Russia oil making way to Europe via India a worry: EU

New Delhi: The EU on Saturday voiced concerns over "rapid" rise in refined petroleum products made from Russian crude oil in India finding way to the European market, saying it defies the purpose of the sanctions against Moscow that are aimed at reducing its ability to finance the war with Ukraine.

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On the issue of food, Dombrovskis cited Russia withdrawing from the Black Sea grain initiative and blocking Ukraine's export of food grain to the world market.

On EU's trade ties with India, the trade commissioner said the grouping is looking at significantly expanding economic engagement with New Delhi. Dombrovskis said the EU is looking at making sure that its trade and investment cooperation with India becomes "much more intense".

"We know that we are currently working in a conflictual geopolitical situation. And in this context, the value of trust and reliability has increased substantially," he further said. PTI



CALL FOR SUSTAINABLE ENERGY FUTURE

World Must Invest in Fossil Fuels, Renewables for Orderly Transition'

BP chief exec Bernard Looney says British oil and gas co plans to invest \$55-65 b this decade in energy transition

Our Bureau

New Delhi: The world must invest both in the existing fossil fuel-based energy system as well as in renewable energy sources to ensure an orderly transition, BP CEO Bernard Looney said at the B20 summit on Saturday.

"We must make sure that the energy transition is both rapid and orderly," Looney said. "It needs to be rapid because every year since Paris (climate agreement), the emissions have risen in the world with the exception of the pandemic." If the transition is not orderly, he said, it would "impact the pace of the transition".

Looney cited last year's natural gas market shock when prices rose sevenfold, forcing people to spend a higher share of their disposable income on energy. "Normally, governments spend between 10 and 12% of their GDP on energy, but last year that number was 20%. And if that number is that high, that's going to leave very little for investment in the transition," he said.

High prices and tighter gas supply also pushed up consumption of cheaper but more polluting coal last year, the BP CEO said.



BLOOMBER

Looney also stressed the need to work with the hard-to-abate industries such as steel, cement and shipping. "We have to go where the emissions are," he said, arguing that merely setting up solar and wind farms won't help those sectors. BP has the operational and financial capability to set up new value chains for sustainable fuels for aviation and other industries he said.

BP plans to invest \$55-65 billion this decade in energy transition, Looney said. In 2019, the company spent just 3% of its capital outside the oil and gas sector. The percentage has risen to 30% in three years and will increase to 50% by the end of the decade, he said.





तेल और तेल की मांग दशकों तक बनी रहेगी : बीपी प्रमुख

नई दिल्ली, (भाषा)। ब्रिटेन की ऊर्जा कंपनी बीपी के मुख्य कार्यकारी बर्नार्ड लनी ने शनिवार को कहा कि तेल और गैस की मांग आने वाले कई दशकों तक बनी रहेगी। उन्होंने साथ ही भारत के विचारों को दोहराते हुए कहा कि ऊर्जा रूपांतरण उचित और व्यवस्थित होना चाहिए। ऐसे में जीवाश्म-आधारित प्रणाली से लेकर नवीकरणीय स्रोतों तक इस तरह काम करना चाहिए कि पिछले साल की तरह कीमतों के झटके से बचा जा सके। लुनी ने कहा कि तेल और गैस आने वाले कई दशकों तक दनिया के लिए ऊर्जा का स्रोत बने रहेंगे। दनिया भर की कंपनियों और देशों को एक ही समय में मौजुदा जीवाश्म ईंधन और नवीकरणीय परियोजनाओं में निवेश जारी रखना होगा। उन्होंने सीआईआई द्वारा आयोजित बी20 समिट इंडिया में कहा कि दुनिया को तेजी से और साथ ही व्यवस्थित बदलाव की जरूरत है। दुनिया

बीपी सीईओ ने कहा, भविष्य भारत का है

नयी दिल्ली, (भाषा)। ब्रिटेन की प्रमुख ऊर्जा कंपनी बीपी के मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी बर्नार्ड लनी ने शनिवार को कहा कि भविष्य भारत का है। साथ ही उन्होंने चंद्रमा के दक्षिणी ध्रव के पास अंतरिक्ष यान उतारने वाला पहला देश बनने पर भारत की तारीफ की।लनी ने सीआईआई द्वारा आयोजित बी20 सिमट इंडिया के मौके पर पत्रकारों से कहा कि भारत अविश्सनीय कदम उठा रहा है और चीजों को बेहद नए और रचनात्मक तरीके से कर रहा है। उन्होंने कहा, मझे लगता है कि दुनिया में सभी इस देश को लेकर उत्साहित है। भविष्य भारत का है। बीपी ने बंगाल की खाड़ी में एक तेल और गैस क्षेत्र में अरबों डॉलर का निवेश किया है और तेजी से ईंधन खुदरा नेटवर्क का विस्तार कर रही है। इसमें इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों (ईवी) के चार्जिंग स्टेशन भी शामिल है। ये दोनों उद्यम रिलायंस इंडस्टीज लिमिटेड के साथ गठबंधन में है।

की ऊर्जा खपत में तेल और गैस की 55 प्रतिशत हिस्सेदारी है। लुनी ने कहा कि बदलाव रातोरात नहीं होगा और इसलिए आज की ऊर्जा प्रणाली में निवेश जारी रखने की जरूरत है, ताकि बढ़ती अर्थव्यवस्थाओं की मांगों को पूरा किया जा सके। उन्होंने कहा, हमें यह सुनिश्चित करना होगा कि

हम मांग के साथ आपर्ति का मिलान जारी रखें। उन्होंने कहा कि पिछले साल, दुनिया में गैस की मांग में तीन प्रतिशत की कमी हुई और कीमतें सात गुना बढ़ गई, जिसके चलते देशों ने कोयले जैसे सस्ते विकल्प को अपनाया और 2022 में कोयले का उपयोग रिकॉर्ड स्तर पर पहुंच गया।



बीपी प्रमुख ने कहा, तेल और तेल की मांग दशकों तक बनी रहेगी

एजेंसी ■नर्ड दिल्ली

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तेजी से और साथ ही व्यवस्थित बदलाव की जरूरत है। दनिया की ऊर्जा खपत में तेल और गैस की 55 प्रतिशत हिस्सेदारी है। लूनी ने कहा कि बदलाव रातोरात नहीं होगा और इसलिए आज की ऊर्जा प्रणाली में निवेश जारी खने की जरूरत है. ताकि बढती अर्थव्यवस्थाओं की मांगों को पूरा किया जा सके। उन्होंने कहा, हमें यह सुनिश्चित करना होगा कि हम मांग के साथ आपर्ति का मिलान जारी रखें। उन्होंने कहा कि पिछले साल, दुनिया में गैस की मांग में तीन प्रतिशत की कमी हुई और कीमतें सात गुना बढ़ गईं, जिसके चलते देशों ने कोयले जैसे सस्ते विकल्प को अपनाया और 2022 में कोयले का उपयोग रिकॉर्ड स्तर पर पहुंच गया। भारत दुनिया का तीसरा सबसे बड़ा ऊर्जा उपभोक्ता है और वह लंबे समय से एक न्यायसंगत, व्यवस्थित और टिकाऊ ऊर्जा रूपांतरण व्यवस्था के लिए दबाव डाल रहा है।



ईईपीसी के आंकड़ेः भारत से इंजीनियरिंग सामान का निर्यात 14 देशों को हुआ कम

भारत ने खरीदा कच्चा तेल, रूस ने दोगुना खरीदा इंजीनियरिंग सामान

एजेंसी ओ नई दिल्ली

इंजीनियरिंग एक्सपोर्ट प्रमोशन काउंसिल (ईईपीसी) द्वारा जारी किए गए नए आंकड़ों से इस बात का खुलासा हुआ है कि भारत से रूस में निर्यात में तेजी जारी है और जुलाई 2023 में निर्यात दोगुना से ज्यादा बढ़कर 123.65 मिलियन अमेरिकी डॉलर हो गया है, जबिक एक साल पहले इसी अविध में यह 55.65 मिलियन अमेरिकी डॉलर था। इस वर्ष इसी अविध के दौरान, अमेरिका को भारत का इंजीनियरिंग निर्यात सालाना आधार पर 10.4 प्रतिशत घटकर 1.44 अरब अमेरिकी डॉलर रह गया है। आंकड़ों से पता चलता है कि जुलाई के दौरान चीन में इंजीनियरिंग शिपमेंट भी साल-दर-साल 10 प्रतिशत गिरकर 197.98 मिलियन अमेरिकी डॉलर हो गया। भारत कम से कम 25 देशों

मारत-रुस में बढ़ा व्यापार

रिपोर्ट के मुताबिक, जुलाई महीने में भारत का कुल इंजीनियरिंग नियंत 6.62 प्रतिशत शिरकर 8.75 अरब अमेरिकी डॉलर रह गया, जो एक साल पहले की अवधि में 9.37 अरब अमेरिकी डॉलर था। ईईपीसी ने कहा कि इसका मुख्य कारण वैश्विक मांग में कमी के राय-साथ लीह, इस्पात और एल्युमीनियम के नियंत में शिरावट है। ईईपीसी इंडिया के वेयरमैन अरुण कुमार गरोडिया ने हाईपीसी इंडिया के वेयरमैन अरुण कुमार गरोडिया ने लाने की जरूरत है।

को इंजीनियरिंग प्रोडक्ट्स बेचता है, जो भारत के निर्यात में 76 प्रतिशत होता है। लेकिन, पिछले के साल के मुकाबले, इस साल का निर्यात 14 देशों के साथ कम हो गया है, जिसमें अमेरिका और चीन शामिल हैं।



रूसी कच्चे तेल से बने पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों का भारत से आयात करने पर ईयू चिन्तित

नई दिल्ली, (पंजाब केसरी):
यूरोपीय संघ (ईयू) ने शनिवार को
रूसी कच्चे तेल से बने परिष्कृत
पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों को भारत से
मंगाने में हुई 'तेज' वृद्धि पर चिंता
जताई। ईयू ने कहा कि यूरोपीय
बाजारों में ऐसे उत्पादों की आवक
बढ़ने से मॉस्को के खिलाफ लगाए
गए प्रतिबंधों का मकसद पूरा नहीं
होगा। ये प्रतिबंध इसलिए लगाए गए
हैं ताकि यूक्रेन के खिलाफ युद्ध को
वित्त पोषित करने की रूस की क्षमता
को कम किया जा सके।

यूरोपीय संघ के कार्यकारी उपाध्यक्ष और व्यापार आयुक्त वाल्डिस डोम्ब्रोव्स्की ने कहा कि रूसी कच्चे तेल बने परिष्कृत तेल उत्पाद 'बड़ी मात्रा' में यूरोपीय बाजार में आ रहे हैं और ईयू इससे निपटने के तरीकों पर विचार कर रहा है।

इस समय भारत की यात्रा पर आए यूरोपीय संघ के उपाध्यक्ष ने रूस ने काला सागर अनाज पहल से हटकर विश्व बाजार में यूक्रेन के खाद्यान्न निर्यात को अवरुद्ध किया है

पत्रकारों से बातचीत में आरोप लगाया कि यूक्रेन पर अपना हमला जारी रखने के लिए रूस ऊर्जा और खाद्य आपूर्ति को हथियार की तरह इस्तेमाल कर रहा है। उन्होंने कहा कि रूस ने काला सागर अनाज पहल से हटकर विश्व बाजार में यूक्रेन के खाद्यान्न निर्यात को अवरुद्ध किया है। डोम्ब्रोव्स्की ने कहा, 'हम जानते हैं कि चीन और भारत सहित कई देश इन प्रतिबंधों में शामिल नहीं हुए हैं। हम जानते हैं कि रूस खोए हुए यूरोपीय बाजार के लिए सिक्रय रूप से वैकल्पिक बाजार की तलाश कर रहा है।'

पंताब केसरी

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रूसी कच्चे तेल से बने पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों का भारत से आयात करने पर ईयू ने जताई चिंता

एजेंसी ■नर्ड दिल्ली

यूरोपीय संघ (ईयू) ने शनिवार को रूसी कच्चे तेल से बने परिष्कृत पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों को भारत से मंगाने में हुई तेज वृद्धि पर चिंता जताई। ईयू ने कहा कि यूरोपीय बाजारों में ऐसे उत्पादों की आवक बढ़ने से मॉस्कों के खिलाफ लगाए गए प्रतिबंधों का मकसद पूरा नहीं होगा। ए प्रतिबंधों का मकसद पूरा नहीं होगा। ए प्रतिबंधों का सकसद पूरा नहीं होगा। ए प्रतिबंध इसिलिए लगाए गए हैं तािक यूक्रेन के खिलाफ युद्ध को वित्त पोषित करने की रूस की क्षमता को कम किया जा सके। यूरोपीय संघ के कार्यकारी उपाध्यक्ष और व्यापार आयुक्त वािल्डस डोम्ब्रोव्स्की ने कहा कि रूसी कच्चे तेल बने परिष्कत तेल उत्पाद



बड़ी मात्रा में यूरोपीय बाजार में आ रहे हैं और ईयू इससे निपटने के तरीकों पर विचार कर रहा है। इस समय भारत की यात्रा पर आए यूरोपीय संघ के उपाध्यक्ष ने पत्रकारों से बातचीत में आरोप लगाया कि यूक्रेन पर अपना हमला जारी रखने के लिए रूस ऊर्जा और खाद्य आपर्ति को हथियार की तरह इस्तेमाल कर रहा है। उन्होंने कहा कि रूस ने काला सागर अनाज पहल से हटकर विश्व बाजार में यूक्रेन के खाद्यान्न निर्यात को अवरुद्ध किया है। डोम्ब्रोव्स्की ने कहा, हम जानते हैं कि चीन और भारत सहित कई देश इन प्रतिबंधों में शामिल नहीं हुए हैं। हम जानते हैं कि रूस खोए हुए यूरोपीय बाजार के लिए सिक्रय रूप से वैकल्पिक बाजार की तलाश कर रहा उन्होंने कहा, हम युद्ध के वित्तपोषण के लिए रूस की क्षमता को कम करना चाहते हैं। भारत के साथ यरोपीय संघ के व्यापार संबंधों पर उन्होंने कहा कि नई दिल्ली के साथ आर्थिक जुड़ाव को बढ़ाने पर विचार किया जा रहा है।



रूसी कच्चे तेल से बने पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के भारत से आयात पर ईयू अधिकारी ने जताई चिंता

संघ (ईय) ने शनिवार को रूसी हमला जारी रखने के लिए रूस कच्चे तेल से बने परिष्कृत ऊर्जा और खाद्य आपूर्ति को पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों को भारत से मंगाने में हुई तेज वृद्धि पर चिंता जताई। ईय ने कहा कि युरोपीय बाजारों में ऐसे उत्पादों की आवक बढ़ने से मॉस्को के खिलाफ लगाए गए प्रतिबंधों का मकसद पुरा नहीं होगा। ये प्रतिबंध इसलिए लगाए गए हैं ताकि युक्रेन के खिलाफ युद्ध को वित्त पोषित करने की रूस की क्षमता को कम किया जा सके। यरोपीय संघ के कार्यकारी उपाध्यक्ष और व्यापार आयुक्त वाल्डिस डोम्ब्रोव्स्की ने कहा कि रूसी कच्चे तेल बने परिष्कृत तेल उत्पाद 🛮 बडी मात्रा में युरोपीय बाजार में आ रहे हैं और ईयु इससे निपटने के तरीकों पर विचार कर रहा है।

इस समय भारत की यात्रा पर आए यरोपीय संघ के उपाध्यक्ष ने पत्रकारों से बातचीत में आरोप

नई दिल्ली, (भाषा)। यूरोपीय लगाया कि यूक्रेन पर अपना हथियार की तरह इस्तेमाल कर रहा है। उन्होंने कहा कि रूस ने काला सागर अनाज पहल से हटकर विश्वाजार में युक्रेन के खाद्यान्न निर्यात को अवरुद्ध किया है।

> डोम्ब्रोव्स्की ने कहा. जानते हैं कि चीन और भारत सहित कई देश इन प्रतिबंधों में शामिल नहीं हुए हैं। हम जानते हैं कि रूस खोए हुए युरोपीय बाजार के लिए सिक्रय रूप से वैकल्पिक बाजार की तलाश कर रहा है। उन्होंने कहा. हम युद्ध के वित्तपोषण के लिए रूस की क्षमता को कम करना चाहते हैं।

भारत के साथ युरोपीय संघ के व्यापार संबंधों पर उन्होंने कहा कि नयी दिल्ली के साथ आर्थिक जडाव को बढाने पर विचार किया जा रहा है।