

# Investors' & Analysts' Meet 2023

May 19, 2023, Mumbai



# Safe Harbor Statement

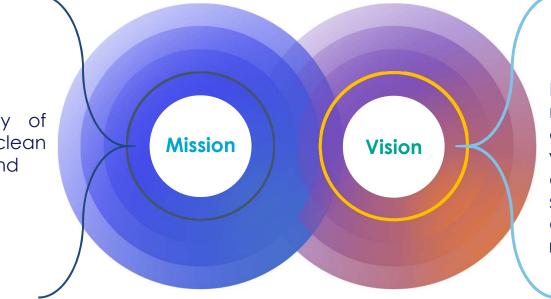
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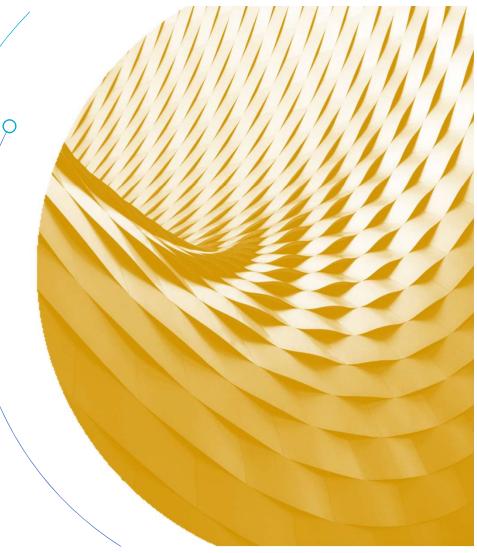
## **Company Mission & Vision**



Be the leader in natural gas valuechain and beyond, with global presence, creating value for stakeholders with environmental responsibility

Enhancing quality of life through clean energy and beyond





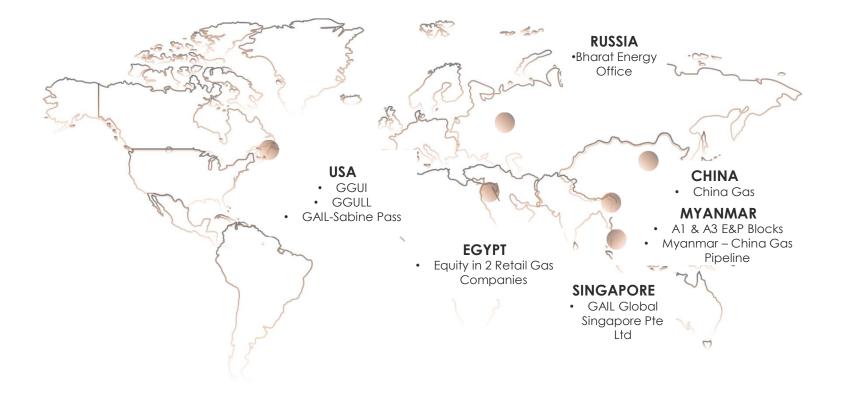
# **Company Overview**



## **Major Business Portfolio**

| Gas Transmission<br>& Marketing  | Petrochemicals  | LPG & Liquid<br>Hydrocarbons  | E&P  | Renewables   | City Gas  |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| <ul> <li>~ 15,400 KM<br/>of Gas<br/>Network</li> <li>Long Term<br/>Portfolio of<br/>~14 MMTPA</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Capacity of<br/>810 KTA at<br/>Pata &amp; 280<br/>KTA at BCPL</li> <li>~18% PE<br/>Capacity<br/>share</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>5 Processing<br/>Plants</li> <li>1.4 MMTPA of<br/>Capacity</li> <li>4.55 MMTPA<br/>of LPG Trans.<br/>Capacity</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Participation<br/>in 13 Blocks</li> <li>Presence in<br/>US &amp;<br/>Myanmar</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>118 MW of<br/>Wind Power<br/>Capacity</li> <li>13.8 MW of<br/>Solar Power<br/>Capacity</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>67 GAs out<br/>of total 295<br/>GAs</li> <li>Subsidiary –<br/>GAIL Gas Ltd.,<br/>Bengal Gas &amp;<br/>TNGCL + 8 CGD<br/>JVs</li> </ul> |
|  |   |   |  | txx tx   | NUMBER OLS LIMITED  |

### **Global Presence**



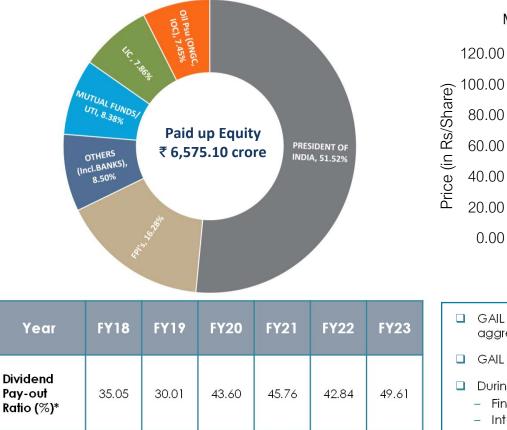
### **Sustainable Development**

- □ GAIL has set a target to achieve Net-Zero (scope 1 and scope 2) status by 2040 while reducing scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 100% and Scope 3 emissions by 35% (from the baseline year of 2020-2021) by 2040.
- GAIL was accorded 'Green Ribbon Champions' by CNBC, Network18 Media & Investments Limited. Shri R K Singh Hon'ble Minister of Power and New & Renewable Energy, congratulated the GAIL team for the decarbonization Initiatives taken by the organisation. The award recognizes GAIL's initiatives and projects across sustainability, afforestation, waste management, renewable energy, and more.
- GAIL(India) got A grade rating India's Most Sustainable Companies 2022 by Business world Magazine. GAIL(India) stands first among other PSUs (Public Sector Undertakings) that got A rating.
- GAIL ranks 1st among other PSUs in the Climate Leadership Report-2022 by Futurescape and Economic Times (ET) Edge.
- GAIL embarked upon the journey of adoption of Sustainable Factory GreenCo Rating . In last 3 years, six GAIL sites have achieved GreenCo Rating; Jhabua, Vaghodia, Vijaipur, Gandhar, Jhabua and VSPL Pipeline have attained the GreenCo silver rating



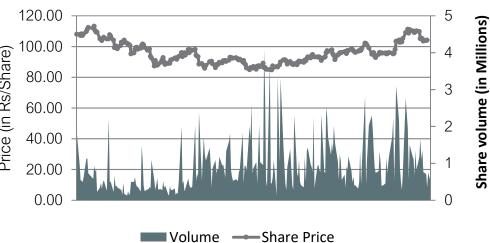
GAIL is included in FTSE4Good Index Series for the 6th time in a row, affirming the Company's strong commitment towards Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) practices in the Oil & Gas Sector

### **Shareholding Pattern**



\* Dividend Pay-out Ratio calculated on accrual basis.

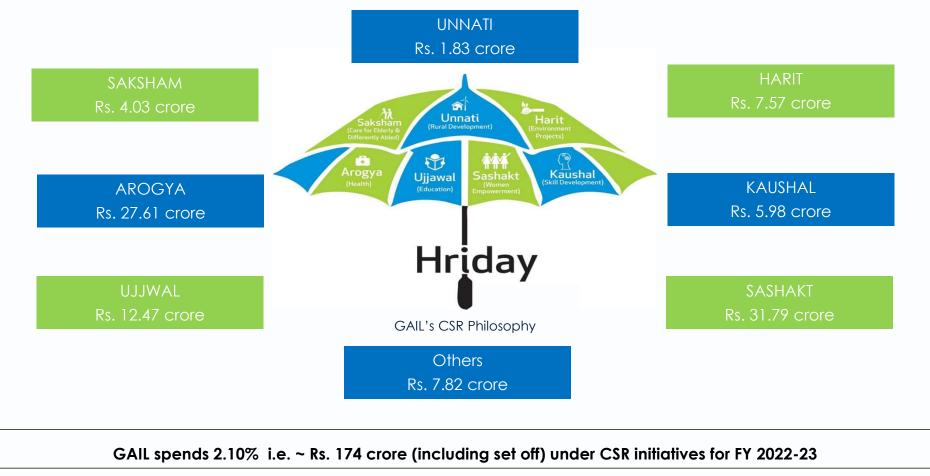
Market Capitalization as on 31st Mar'23 : ₹ 69,203 crore



- □ GAIL completed buyback of ~ 5.70 crore shares at price of Rs. 190/share aggregating to ~ Rs. 1,083 crores in June'22
- GAIL issued bonus shares in the ratio of 1:2 during Sep'22
- During FY 2022-23, GAIL paid
  - Final Dividend 2021-22 @10% (Rs. 438.34 crore) of paid-up capital
  - Interim Dividend -2022-23 @40% ( 2630.04 crore) of paid-up capital

Source: BSE Website; Note: Shareholding pattern & other data as on 31st Mar 2023 as per BSE website;

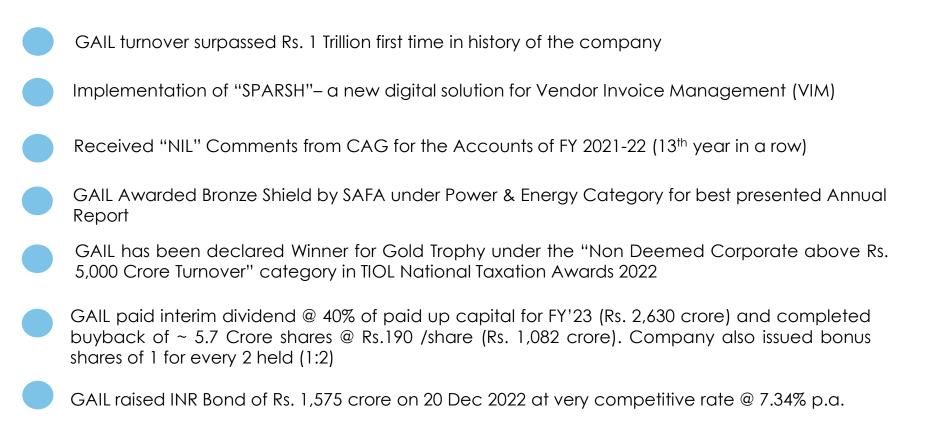
### GAIL Hriday – CSR Initiatives



# **Performance Highlights**



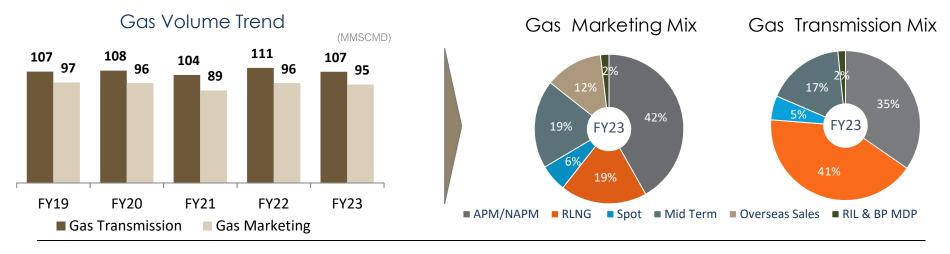
## **Major Highlights for FY 2022-23**



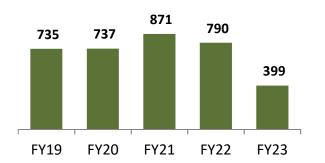
## Major Highlights for FY 2022-23

- Hon'ble Supreme Court dismissed SLP filed by Gujarat Sales Tax Dept. against demand of sales tax & interest thereon ~ Rs. 5,000 crore for treating NG transfer as inter-state instead of branch transfer
  - Signing of Unilateral Advance Pricing Agreement @ 8.5% with CBDT for LNG import from GGULL, USA for the period 2017 -22
  - GAIL acquired 26% equity in 'LNG Japonica' vessel of Mitsui OSK Lines, Japan
  - NCLT approved resolution plan for acquisition of JBF Petrochemicals Limited
- Credit Rating Domestic 'AAA' with stable outlook, International 'Baa3' with Stable outlook (Moody's), BBB- with Stable outlook (Fitch)- Equivalent to sovereign rating of India

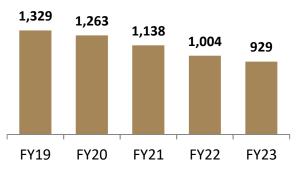
### **Physical Performance**



#### Petrochemicals Sales

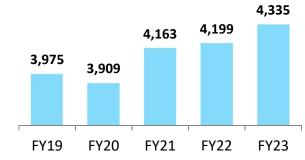


#### Liquid Hydrocarbons Sales

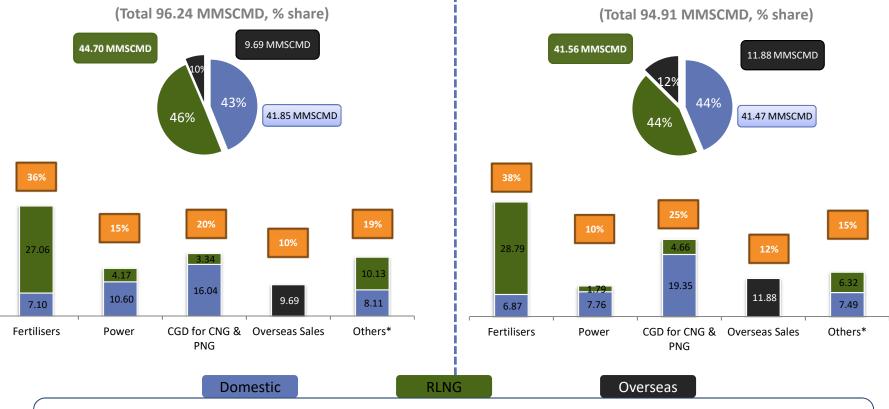


## LPG Transmission

(TMT)



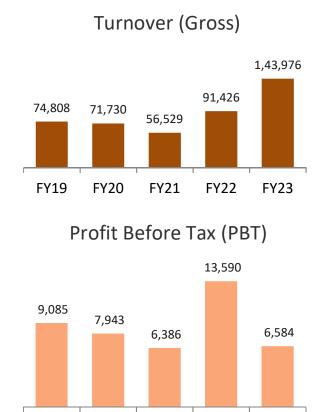
### Natural Gas Sector Wise Supply – FY22 Vs. FY23



- □ Imported Gas primarily consists of Long Term RLNG and Spot
- □ Major sources for domestic gas are ONGC (APM & MDP), Ravva, Ravva satellite, CBM etc.
- □ Highest demand of Natural Gas from Fertilizer, Power & CGD companies

\* Others include Steel, Refineries, Sponge Iron, Petrochemicals, GAIL Internal consumption etc.

### **Financial Performance (Standalone)**



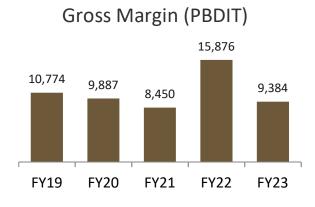
FY21

FY22

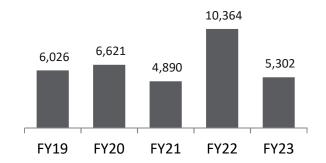
FY23

FY19

FY20



Profit After Tax (PAT)

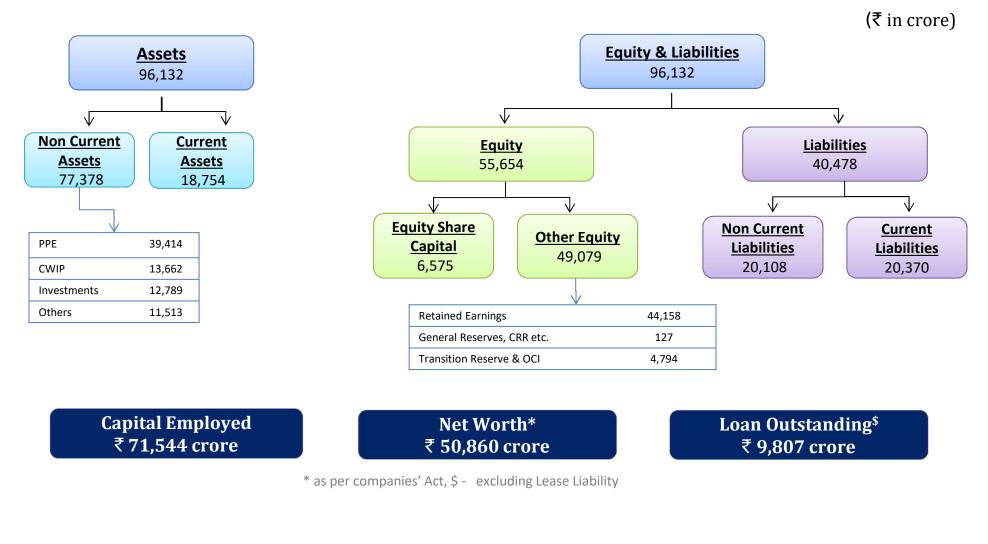


(in Rs. crore)

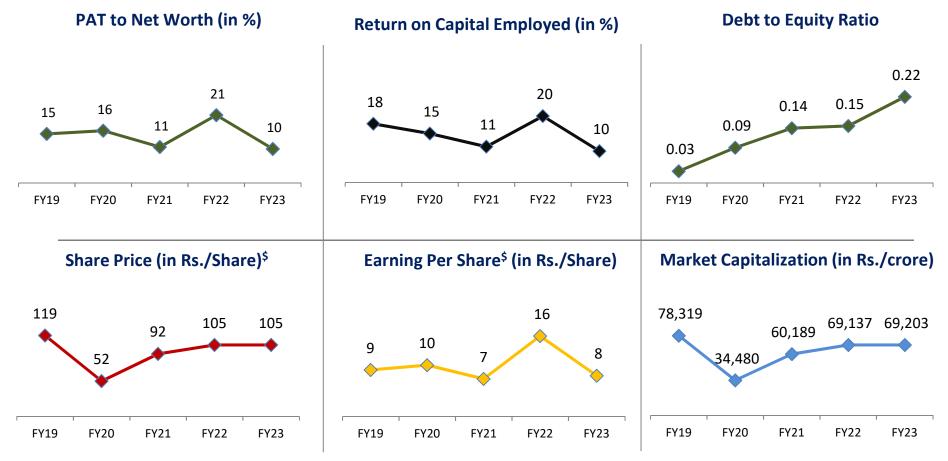
### **One Off Transactions - FY 22-23**

| Particular  | Amount (Rs. in crores) |
|---|------------------------|
| ✤ Gas Transmission Segment  |                        |
| Deallocation of Domestic Gas for Compressor Fuel                              | 800                    |
| Refund of Transmission Charges to M/s IPCL                                    | 70                     |
| Gas Handling Loss & Maintenance Usage Gas                                     | 150                    |
| Provision for KKMBPL  | 110                    |
| Total Impact in Gas Transmission Segment (A)                                  | 1,130                  |
| ✤ Gas Marketing Segment   |                        |
| Inventory Loss Booked in Q3 FY23  | 1,100                  |
| Inventory Loss Booked in Q4 FY23  | 230                    |
| Total Impact in Gas Marketing Segment (B)                                     | 1,330                  |
| Others Segment - : Unallocated  |                        |
| Provision for TAPI Pipeline   | 55                     |
| Total Impact : Others (C)   | 55                     |
| Total Negative Impact (A+B+C)   | 2,515                  |
| ✤ Positive :  |                        |
| <ul> <li>Refund of CST from Gujrat Sales Tax - PLL (Petrochemical)</li> </ul> | 70                     |
| Reversal of provision in E&P Mahar Block A 3                                  | 50                     |
| Total Positive Impact   | 120                    |
| Net Impact  | 2,395                  |

### **Balance Sheet as on 31st March 2023**

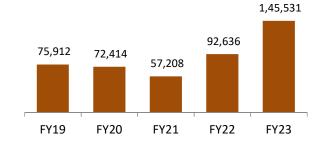


### **Key Financial Ratios**



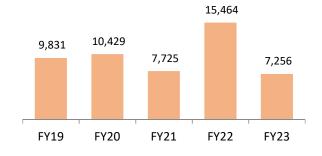
\$ Share Price & EPS for past periods are adjusted for Bonus issue in the ratio of 1:2

### **Financial Performance (Consolidated Basis)**

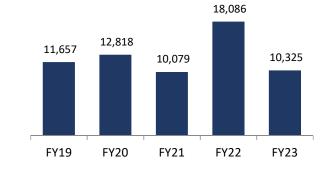


### Turnover (Gross)

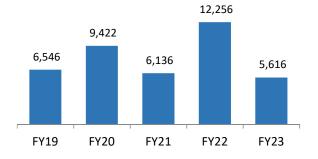




Gross Margin (PBDIT)



#### Profit after Tax





### **Revenue Reconciliation on Consolidated Basis - FY23**

(in ₹ crore)

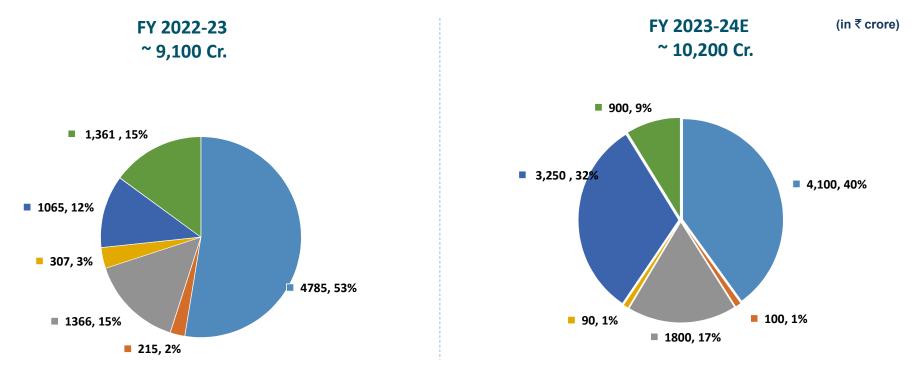
| Entity               | Revenue<br>(Gross) | Elimination | Consolidated<br>Revenue |
|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| GAIL                 | 1,44,302           | (14,535)    | 1,29,767                |
| GGSPL                | 13,568             | (8,356)     | 5,212                   |
| GGUI                 | 9,809              | (9,711)     | 98                      |
| TNGCL                | 264                |             | 264                     |
| GAIL GAS             | 10,524             |             | 10,524                  |
| BGCL                 | 11                 |             | 11                      |
| KLL                  | 401                | (401)       | -                       |
| Consolidated Revenue | 1,78,878           | (33,003)    | 1,45,875                |

## PAT Reconciliation on Consolidated Basis - FY23 (in ₹ crore)

| Particulars  | % Share holding as on<br>31 <sup>st</sup> Mar 23 | Investment (Net)<br>on 31 <sup>st</sup> Mar 23 | FY23   |
|--|--|--|--------|
| SAIL   |  |  | 5302   |
| ubsidiaries  |  | 3,605  | (128)  |
| GAIL GAS   | 100%   | 2,034  | 283    |
| GGSPL  | 100%   | 45   | 3      |
| GGUI   | 100%   | 186  | 5      |
| Bengal Gas Company Limited                                     | 88%  | 439  | (11)   |
| Konkan LNG Limited   | 93%  | 886  | (448)  |
| TNGCL  | 49%  | 15   | 20     |
| Less: Minority Interest  |  |  | (20)   |
| ssociates  |  | 2,845  | 1,355  |
| MGL  | 33%  | 32   | 257    |
| PLL  | 13%  | 99   | 416    |
| BCPL   | 70%  | 992  | 89     |
| IGL  | 23%  | 32   | 369    |
| Opal   | 49%  | 995  | -      |
| China Gas  | 3%   | 97   | 166    |
| Fayum Gas  | 19%  | 8  | 4      |
| Ramagundam Fertilizer  | 15%  | 270  | 1      |
| ONGC Tripura Power Company Ltd                                 | 26%  | 319  | 54     |
| LLC Bharat Energy Office                                       | 20%  | 1  | (0)    |
| vint Ventures (JVs)  | -  | 1,377  | 167    |
| CGD JVs & Others (BGL, CUGL, GGL, MNGL, AGL , VGL, TAPI, IGGL) | -  | 1,377  | 167    |
| djustments   |  |  |        |
| Add: Elimination of Dividend                                   | -  | -  | (1032) |
| Add: Elimination Profit/Loss recognized from investments       | -  | -  | 6      |
| Less: Others   | -  | -  | 54     |
| onsolidated*   | -  | -  | 5,616  |

\* Excluding Minority interest of Rs. (-20.11) Crore

### **Capital Expenditure Profile**



■ Pipeline ■ City Gas Distribution (Equity) ■ Petrochemical ■ E&P ■ Equity Investments # ■ Operational Capex & Others

\* capital expenditure include plan, non-plan and operational capex # Includes Investment amount by GAIL in JBF in FY 2023-24

# Actual Capex & Capital Commitment in Major Projects

|   |  |                             |                                 |               |                       | (in Rs./crore                       |
|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Name of Projects  | Lengths of<br>Pipelines<br>(Km)/Capacity | Commissioned<br>length (Km) | Expected Completion<br>Date     | Approved Cost | Capital<br>Commitment | Actual Capex<br>up to<br>31.03.2023 |
| Phulpur Dobhi P/L (JHBDPL 1)                                      | 750                                      | 750                         | Commissioned                    | 3,306         | 3,207                 | 3,109                               |
| Dhamra-Angul P/L (JHBDPL 2A)                                      | 413                                      | 326                         | 30 <sup>th</sup> Jun'2023       | 2,106         | 2,311                 | 2,099                               |
| Dobhi-Durgapur P/L (JHBDPL 2B)                                    | 482                                      | 482                         | Commissioned                    | 2,433         | 2,395                 | 2,258                               |
| Bokaro-Angul P/L (JHBDPL 3A)                                      | 624                                      | 538                         | Commissioned <sup>^</sup>       | 3,048         | 2,776                 | 2,552                               |
| Durgapur-Haldia P/L (JHBDPL 3B)*                                  | 294                                      | -                           | 30 <sup>th</sup> Jun 2024       | 1,740         | 1,861                 | 1,376                               |
| Barauni Guwahati P/L (BGPL)                                       | 729                                      | 282                         | 31 <sup>st</sup> Oct 2023       | 3,060         | 3,876                 | 3,362                               |
| Dhamra-Haldia P/L*  | 253                                      | -                           | 30 <sup>th</sup> Jun 2024       | 1,031         | 859                   | 562                                 |
| KKBMPL – II P/L*  | 891                                      | 579                         | 30 <sup>th</sup> Nov'2024       | 5,909         | 3,883                 | 3,507                               |
| Srikakulam-Angul P/L  | 744                                      | -                           | 31 <sup>st</sup> Dec' 2024      | 2,658         | 2,065                 | 1,334                               |
| Mumbai-Nagpur-Jharsuguda P/L                                      | 1,755                                    | -                           | 31 <sup>st</sup> Oct' 2024      | 7,844         | 6,332                 | 4,350                               |
| Major PC Projects:  |  |                             |                                 |               |                       |                                     |
| Propane Dehydrogenation &<br>Polypropylene Project (PDH-PP), Usar | 500 KTA                                  | NA                          | April 2025 (Mech<br>Completion) | 7,823         | 6,566                 | 1,307                               |
| Polypropylene Project (PP), PATA                                  | 60 KTA                                   | NA                          | July 2024 (Mech<br>Completion)  | 1,299         | 970                   | 358                                 |

\*Subject to availability of hindrance free RoU ^ Bokaro Angul Mainline & CGS Ranchi spurline commissioned. Spurlines to be completed in sync with readiness of consumers.

# **Industry Outlook**

### **Natural Gas Segment**



### **Global Energy Scenario – Evolving Narrative**

- Global energy scenario during 2022-2023 was shaped by several factors:
  - COVID-19 pandemic & Geopolitical tensions
  - Looming threat of recession
  - Supply chain challenges
  - Continuing shift towards renewable energy sources
- The energy transition has continued many governments seek alternatives to volatile energy commodities
  - The economic competitiveness of key clean energy technologies improves against fossil fuels
  - Global renewable energy capacity increased by 9.6% last year almost half of the new capacity was added in Asia
    - Wind and solar power accounted for 90% of the net additions
- Oil rose well above USD 100 per barrel in mid-2022
- Coal prices also hit record levels
- Gas markets were at the epi-center of global energy turmoil as Russia cut down gas supply to Europe
  - Global prices for spot purchases of natural gas touched 70 \$/MMBtu
  - In 2022, the LNG market saw a great deal of term contracting activity
    - Total 52 LNG SPAs signed with tenures of 10 years or longer (> 65 MTPA vis-a vis 41 MTPA in 2021)

### **Global Energy Scenario – Demand Growth**

- Though developed countries will become more efficient, developing countries, which represent 80% of the world's population, will use more energy as they pursue better living standards
  - Brazil, China, India, Indonesia, Mexico and South Africa together consume more than one third of the world's energy expected to rise to 40% <sup>#</sup>.
  - With demand growing as energy needs expand, Asia presents the opportunity to grow the LNG market as natural gas can be used to replace coal and wood to reduce the emissions.
- Share of gas in developed market may decline as these countries scramble to meet net zero goals
- It is going to increase in developing world as their net zero targets are bit far in terms of timeline
  - □ While lower-emission sources play important roles, natural gas will remain a significant part of the energy mix for decades, reinforcing the need for continued investment
  - □ Key to gas growth: maintaining an affordable, resilient supply that's sustainable for the planet

### **Global Energy Consumption - Comparison**

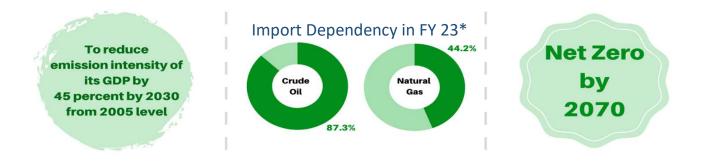
Region Oil **Natural Gas** Coal **Nuclear Energy** Hydro electric Renewables World 30.95% 24.42% 26.90% 4.25% 6.76% 6.71% Asia Pacific 25.93% 12.13% 46.85% 2.37% 6.32% 6.40% China 8.65% 54.66% 7.18% 19.41% 2.33% 7.77% India 26.56% 6.32% 56.70% 1.13% 4.26% 5.05%

India & China are in the process of diversifying the primary energy mix and increasing share of cleaner natural gas & renewables

(Source: BP Statistical World Energy Review, 2022)

Figures rounded off





- Energy demand in India is growing rapidly with major implications for the global energy market
- · India has seen its energy demand increasing rapidly
  - the country continues to urbanize
  - development of manufacturing sector
- India has made remarkable progress in providing access to electricity and clean cooking fuel
  - Implemented a range of energy market reforms and integrating a high share of renewable energy sources into the grid
- India's continued reliance on imported fuels creates vulnerabilities
  - price cycles and volatility,
  - possible disruptions to supply
- Long term contracts provide a stable solution

Source: IEA – India Report, IEA Press Release 9.2.21, \* PPAC | Snapshot of India's Oil & Gas data - Mar, 2023

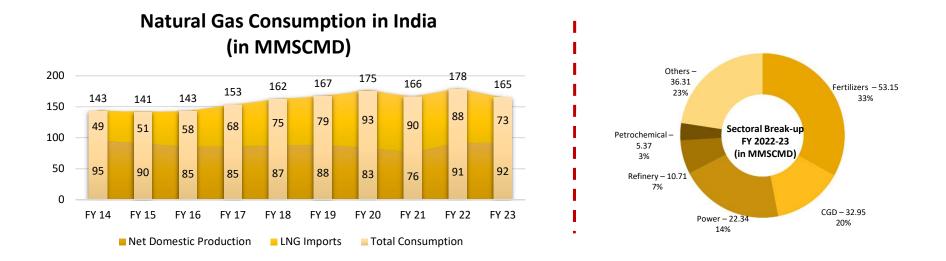
### India is among the top 14 gas consuming countries globally

1 BCM = 2.74 MMSCMD

| Top 15 Gas consuming countries globally in 2021 |                      | Gas Consumption<br>(in BCM)<br>2021 | Share of gas in Primary Energy<br>2021 (%) |  |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1   | US                   | 826.7                               | 32.01%                                     |  |
| 2   | Russian Federation   | 474.6                               | 54.60%                                     |  |
| 3   | China                | 378.7                               | 8.65%                                      |  |
| 4   | Iran                 | 241.1                               | 71.21%                                     |  |
| 5   | Canada               | 119.2                               | 30.77%                                     |  |
| 6   | Saudi Arabia         | 117.3                               | 39%  |  |
| 7   | Japan                | 103.6                               | 21.03%                                     |  |
| 8   | Germany              | 90.5                                | 25.79%                                     |  |
| 9   | Mexico               | 88.2                                | 46.83%                                     |  |
| 10  | United Kingdom       | 76.9                                | 38.58%                                     |  |
| 11  | Italy                | 72.5                                | 41.04%                                     |  |
| 12  | United Arab Emirates | 69.4                                | 55.19%                                     |  |
| 13  | South Korea          | 62.5                                | 17.89%                                     |  |
| 14  | India                | 62.2                                | 6.32%                                      |  |
| 15  | Egypt                | 61.9                                | 58.84%                                     |  |

Source: BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2022

### **Natural Gas Consumption – Historical**



Currently, Fertilizer sector accounts for the major share of consumption in the country. However, growing at a CGAR of > 12%, consumption of CGD sector is expected to increase significantly in coming years.

Source: PPAC | Snapshot of India's Oil & Gas data - Mar 2023, PPAC | Monthly report - March 2023

### **Natural Gas Consumption – Outlook**

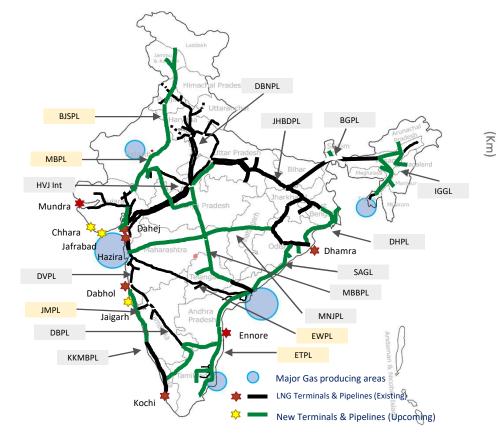
- Indian GDP is estimated to reach ~USD 7 Trillion by 2030
- Govt. of India targets to take natural gas to 15% of the PE mix

Natural gas has potential to grow at CAGR of ~25%

- India's current policies focus on fuel switching through promotion of Natural Gas
- Implementation of Unified Tariff will expand India's gas penetration, especially in East India, which is far from gas sources as pipeline transportation costs reduced significantly
- India recently linked Domestic Natural Gas pricing with crude oil prices
  - Significant decrease in prices of PNG for households and CNG for transport
- Such reforms will help expand the consumption of natural gas and contribute to achievement of target of emission reduction and net zero
- Increased availability of domestic gas including HPHT has aided in import reduction
  - India's Import Dependency in Natural Gas has decreased to 44.2% in FY 2022-23 as compared to 48.4% in FY 2021-22

Source: UNFCCC | LTLEDS\_India Nov 2022, PIB release dated 06.04.2023

### Gas infrastructure in India - "One Nation-One Grid"



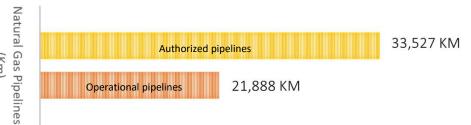


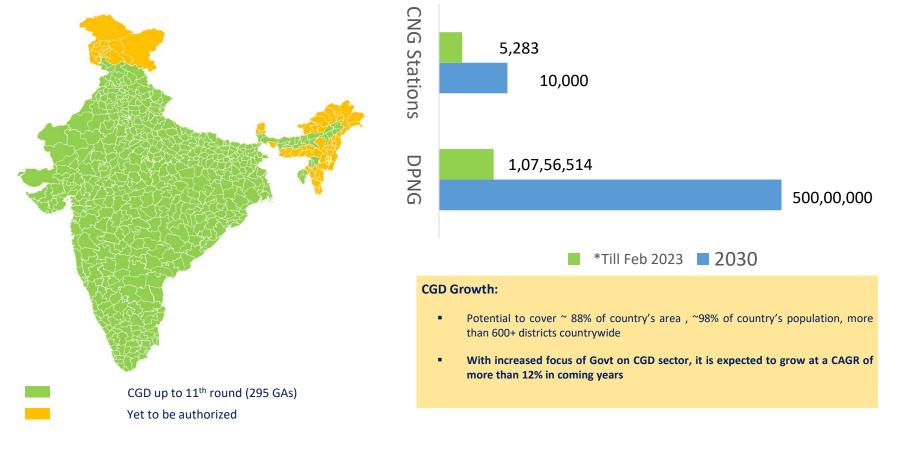
Fig: PNGRB | Natural Gas Pipelines Network in India - as on 31st December, 2022

Operational Pipelines : 21,888 Km ; GAIL : ~15,400 Km

Under Construction Pipelines : 12,776 Km ; GAIL : ~4,000 Km

Envisaged NGG length of ~35,000+ Km in next 4-5 years

### **City Gas Distribution – Making gas accessible to public**



Source: \*PPAC|Snapshot of Oil and Gas Data

## **Petrochemical Business Outlook**

**India's per capita consumption of plastics is just 12 kg vs. China per capita consumption of 82 kg.** 

**U** World average per capita consumption of Plastics is ~38 Kg with US consuming as high as 93 Kg per capita

India's per capita consumption is one of the lowest in Asia

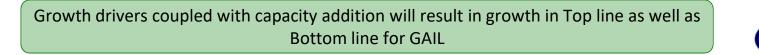
Future Polymer demand growth is estimated ~6-7% p.a: Upside for Plastics in general and GAIL in particular

#### Major Highlights of GAIL's Petrochemical Business in FY 2022-23

- Sold 645 KTA of polymers (399 KTA GAIL & 246 KTA BCPL)
- □ PC capacity enhancement under progress; 500 KTA PDH-PP plant at Usar & 60 KTA PP plant at Pata
- **SAS based Mobile APP implemented to analyze different key performance metrices of PC Marketing.**

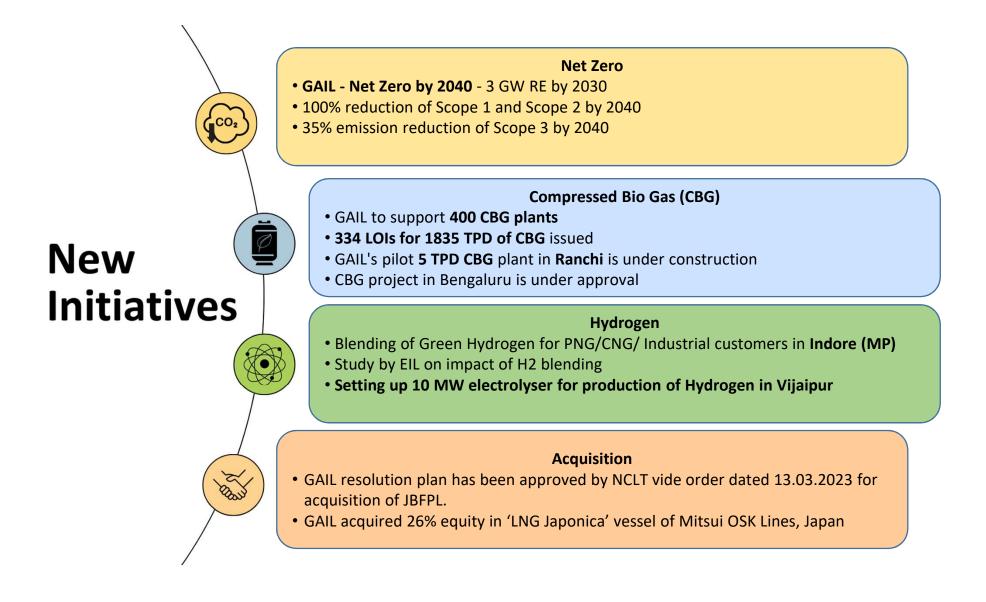
#### Future demand drivers

- ✓ Packaging Industry
- Ecommerce driving packaging
- ✓ Automobile
  - /Construction Industry
  - Agriculture Industry





G-Lex



### **Our Touch Points**

For Institutional Investors & Analysts



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#### For Retail Investors



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